

TERRITORIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT DELLA COESIONE TERRITORIALE DELLE REGIONI ITALIANE

Modello, su base place evidence, per la valutazione di policy rivolte allo sviluppo della green economy in aree interne e periferie metropolitane

International Conference
Territorial Impact Assessment of Territorial Cohesion
in Italy and Europe
Rome, 11-12 April 2019
University of Rome "Tor Vergata"

The Concept and the Measurement of Territorial Cohesion

(Definitions, Indicators, Evidences and first Assessment of Campania Region)

Angela Cresta - Unità 5



Introduction to TC, shared definition based on scientific literature, discussions, documents, survey with stakeholders

UN'AGENDA PER LA RIFORMA DELLA POLÍTICA DI COESIONE*

Una politica di sviluppo rivolta ai luoghi per rispondere alle sfide e alle aspettative dell'Unione Europea

Rapporto indipendente

Predisposto nell'aprile 2009 su richiesta di Danuta Hübner, Commissario europeo alla politica regionale, da

Fabrizio Barca

* Traducione rivista e antorizzata dall'antore nel giugno 2010 della Sistesi, dell'Introducione e dei capital I e V del Reportor "An Agonda for a Reformed Cohesian Policy". Reporto al testo inglore sono state introdute alcune complificacioni. Con alcuni "Nota bene" (NE) sono stati segnalati eriloppi meccentri alla conclusione del Reporto.



COHESION POLICY: METHODOLOGY AND INDICATORS TOWARDS COMMON APPROACH

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Biographical note. Maria Prezioso (1956) is full professor of Economic Geography and Economy and termionial planning. She is active in several fields of the theoretical and applied research, with particular regard to European sustainable, cohesive and competitive planning in orban, metropolitan order of several conference.

Site is an expert of Euroromental Impact Assessment (EIA), Euroromental Strategic Assessment (ESA), Territorial Impact Assessment (TIA) applied at the regional and local "bottom-up" development in advanced and underetveloped regions; she is author of SEA and TIA patents applied at master and territorial plans.

Between 2000-2006 she was LP and partner of several ESPON projects coordinating transnational project groups. She is member of the Italian ESPON Scientific Committee and of METREX and IURIAF nets She was Chiefmember of several European Scientific Committee for the polyventric



Territorial Cohesion: introduction to concept and definition (1)

Starting Assumptions

- ✓ There is no definition of territorial cohesion in any official papers
- ✓ Territorial Cohesion is a policy objective that strengthens the competitiveness and the innovation of a Region (from Lisbona-Gothenburg to Europe 2020)
- ✓ Cohesion is the field in which conflicting political views are confronted (Sapir 2004; Barca 2009) >>>> Space-Blide vs Place-based
- ✓ From core-periphery model to new theoretical framework based on *diversity* and *complexity* (SSSE, 1999), from sectoral policies to integrate policies

"Cohesion as the capability of different (anthropich, natural and institutional) territorial components, to search and to achieve unity and unifying proposals, even in presence of centrifugal pushes" (Prezioso, 2006)

Territorial Cohesion: introduction to concept and definition (2)

Territorial cohesion goes beyond the notion of economic and social cohesion, ... It is localized and localizable, measurable (Prezioso, 2008), and should be read and correlated to other basic concepts of European space policy, territorial diversity and territorial "capital"...

<u>TC is a rebalancing objective</u>: «Policy efforts should contribute to reducing the strong territorial polarisation of economic performance, avoiding large regional disparities in the European territory by addressing bottlenecks to growth in line with Europe 2020 Strategy» (Territorial Agenda 2020)

Survey with stakeholders ...

...It's place-based, it needs a multilevel governance, it strengthens the territorial capital, but especially...

"Territorial cohesion is *the relations between territories and human groups* that inhabit it. The community identifies and shares territory, intrinsic values, kind of life, socio-political organization, ... with shared and accepted rules"

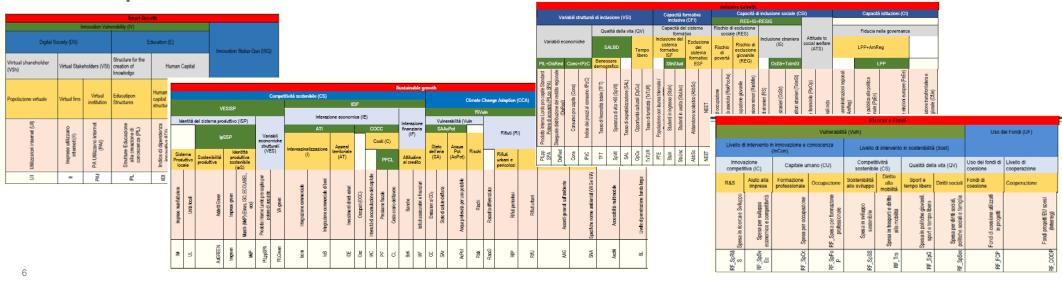


How is territorial cohesion measured?

How is territorial cohesion misured? ...

- ✓ Traditional indicators (like GDP) are not exhaustive to explain how wealth is distributed into regions
- ✓ The choice of cohesion indicators (... unit of measurement and correlation) becomes a
 central issue (Eurostat, OCSE, ESPON, ISTAT...)

STeMA-TIA (2015), through 73 indicators and 4 Determinats, allows "to analyze a regional territory and its internal and external cohesion degree, to detect and to assess its resources and to relate inter-dependence connections".



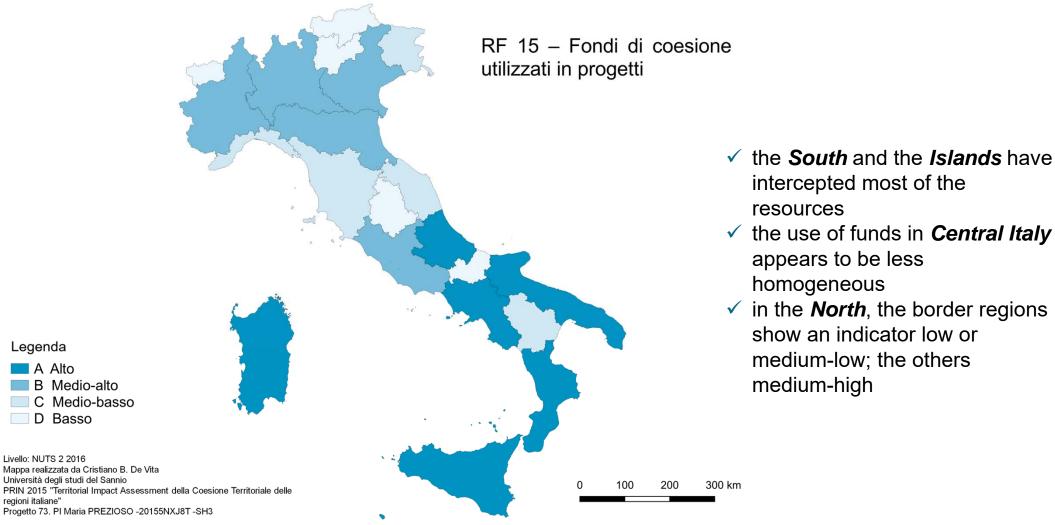
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RF 15 – Coesion Funds used in Project

The main source of UE resources that finances Cohesion Policies is the European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF) but also Development and Cohesion Fund (FSC)

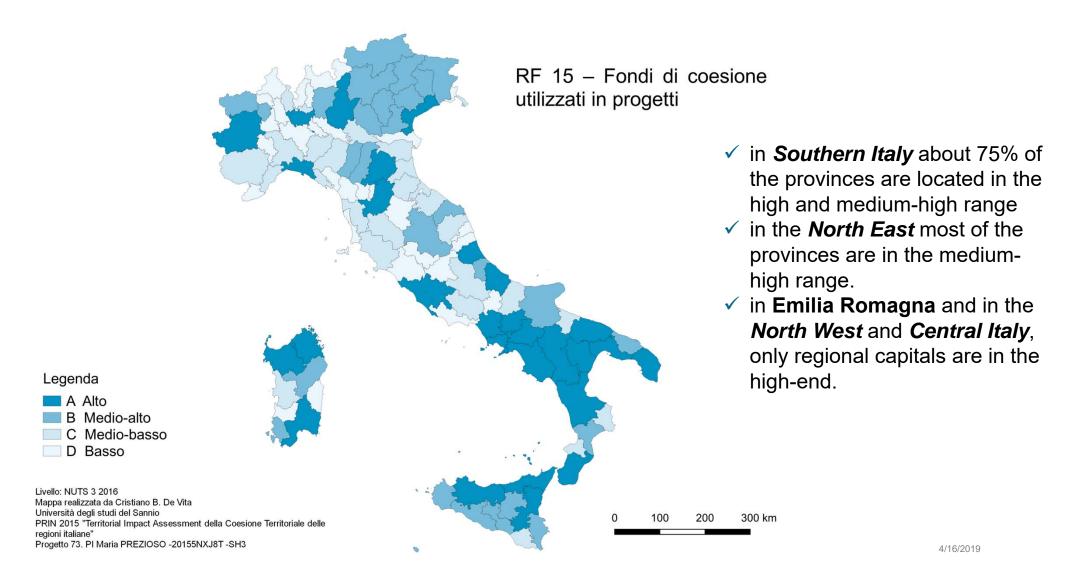
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RF 15 – Coesion Funds used in Project



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RF 15 – Coesion Funds used in Project



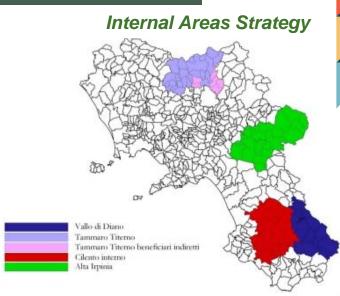


Campania Region: evidences and first assessment

POR FESR 2014-2020







Campania Region: evidences and first assessment

POR Campania FESR 2014-2020 Budget: € 4.113.545.843,00

(€ 3.085.159.382,00 UE Funds - € 1.028.36.461,00 national and regional co-financing).



3 Strategic Fields

Campania Innovativa: strengthening the public / private research system and supporting competitiveness

Campania Verde: change in energy systems, agriculture, transport and maritime activities, new landscape design;

Campania Solidale: the welfare system (inclusion and participation) and the quality of life (health system, personal services, employment, social inclusion, education).

3 Programmatic Fields

- 1. Smart Specialization Strategy
- 2. Major Projects
- 3. Quality of life, specialization of urban areas and contrast to the depopulation of internal areas through two Transversal Territorial Strategies

Urban Development Strategy

- Sustainable Urban Development for 19 Medium Cities
- financial reserve for Municipalities with a population less than 50,000 inhabitants
- Municipality of Naples, through the completion of the Grandi Progetti

Internal Areas Strategy

4 Internal areas and 5 fields:
a) Protection of the territory and local communities; b) Enhancement of natural resources, cultural and sustainable tourism; c) Agri-food systems; d) Energy saving and local renewable energy supply chains; e) Know-how" and handicraft

STeMA-TIA: a first reading of Territorial Cohesion in Campania Region (1)

Determinant	Tipology/sector/ category /Indicator	Determinant	Tipology/sector/ category /Indicator
Smart Growth (C)	Education (C) Human Capital (C) Innovative Dependency Index Population in life long learning	Sustainable Growth (C)	Sustainable Competitiveness (C) Identity of the production system Economic Interaction (Green Employees, Marks (Emas, ISO), Internationalization)
	Digital Society (C) Available e-Governament Institution Virtual Institution		Climate change Adaptation (C) State of air
	Innovation Status Quo (B) Level of telecommunication development		Infrastructure sustainability (B)

[✓]Low levels of Smart Growth specially in internal areas.

[✓] High Level for State of Water and Waste; Excellent Caserta, Napoli e Salerno

STeMA-TIA: a first reading of Territorial Cohesion in Campania Region (2)

Determinant	Tipology/sector/ category /Indicator	Determinant	Tipology/sector/category /Indicator
Inclusive Growth (C)	Structural Variables of inclusion (C) (Economic Variables, Quality of life) Life expectancy at birth, Hospitalisation Rate, Leisure	Resources & Funds(C)	Level of intervention in innovation and knowledge(C) Human capital Expenditure on Employment Expenditure for professional education
	Capacity for social inclusion (C) Risk of social exclusion Attitude to social welfare		Level of intervention in sustainability (C) Quality of Life
	Inclusive training capacity (B) NEET		Use of structural funds (B) Interreg Funds Expenditure
	Inclusive Capacity of institutions(C) Public Partecipation in National Election Rate of cross-border cooperation		

[✓] Positive data in Inclusive Growth: Population with terziary education and Outgoing students

¹
✓ High level of Expenditure in Naples (A) in all indicators; lower level Expenditure in all the internal areas



Conclusions and policy suggestions ...

Status QUO and Policy suggestions

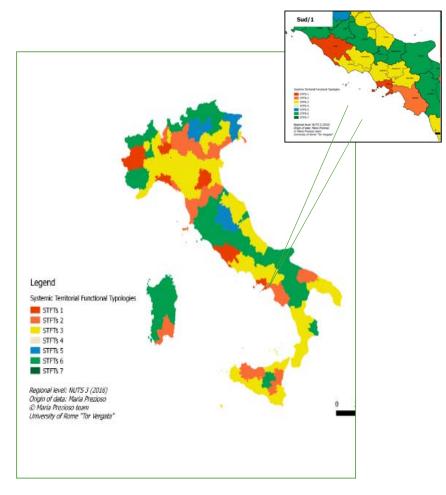
STFTs are "the sentinel of cohesion" capable of re-orienting the initial objectives of the POR/ROP to provide an adequate response to local political needs ...



- Naples is part of the highest territorial functional system type (STFT1), with high spending performances in absolute value and an increase in TC at the urban level;
- Salerno (STFT 2) has recorded an increase in TC over time, indirectly benefiting from metropolitan advantages "by contact".
- The **territories of the internal areas** (Avellino, Benevento and Caserta) are urban influence systems, without specialized functions and with limited transnational functions (STFT 3), the spending capacity is at medium level but the lack of participation in cooperation projects mitigates the increase in the TC level.



- > to focus on internal areas and to work on emergencies (waste, water, broadband, Transport and network, ...)
- to strengthen the production chain of excellence (fashion, and agrifood, aerospace, automotive,) also through green investments
- to encourage and support projects of cooperation



Thank you

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Prin 2015 – 11-12 April 2019